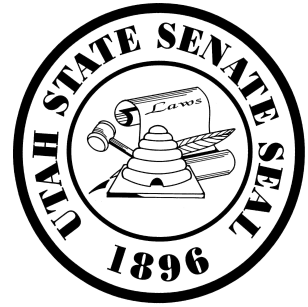




Fiscal Note
1st Sub. H.B. 547 (Buff)
2026 General Session
Transnational Repression Amendments
by Clancy, Tyler



General, Income Tax, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/ITF/USF (rev.-exp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

State Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
To the extent that people are convicted of a higher penalty as a result of this bill and pay their financial obligation, this could increase revenue/case in the following amounts: (1) General Fund \$220 for an enhancement from a class C misdemeanor to a class B misdemeanor, (2) General Fund \$780 and Court Security \$15 for an enhancement from a class B misdemeanor to a class A misdemeanor, (3) General Fund \$380 for an enhancement from a class A misdemeanor A to a third degree felony, and (4) General Fund \$1,000 for an enhancement from a third degree felony to a second degree felony.			
Expenditures	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0
To the extent that a case is filed in district court as a result of the charges in this bill, enactment of this legislation could cost the Courts \$370/case from the General Fund. To the extent that offenders are sentenced to prison or probation it could cost the Department of Corrections \$85/bed/day and \$12/day for supervision. It could also cost the Board of Pardons and Parole \$430 per hearing.			
Net All Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

Local Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this bill could increase revenue to local governments by about \$120/case for fines/fees for an enhancement from a class C misdemeanor to a class B misdemeanor, \$30/case for an enhancement from a class B misdemeanor to a class A misdemeanor, and \$380/case for an enhancement from a class A misdemeanor to a third degree felony. The aggregate amount is unknown. Local government entities could experience the following estimated expenditure impacts: \$75 per case for public defenders for an enhancement from a class C misdemeanor to a class B misdemeanor, \$348 for prosecutors and \$1,275 for public defenders per case for an enhancement from a class B misdemeanor to a class A misdemeanor, \$232 for prosecutors and \$1,170 for public defenders per case for an enhancement from a class A misdemeanor to a third degree felony, \$720 for public defenders per case for an enhancement from a third degree felony to a second degree felony,			
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and \$1,508 for prosecutors and \$4,760 for public defenders per case for an enhancement from a second degree felony to a first degree felony. The aggregate amount is unknown.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

To the extent that individuals pay higher fines as a result of the provisions of this bill, this could cost certain offenders the following amounts for the following criminal enhancements: \$340/case for an enhancement from a class C misdemeanor to a class B misdemeanor, \$820/case for an enhancement from a class B misdemeanor to a class A misdemeanor, \$400/case for an enhancement from a class A misdemeanor to a third degree felony, and \$1,000 case for an enhancement from a third degree felony to a second degree felony. The aggregate amount is unknown.

Regulatory Impact

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Evaluation

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

Notes on Notes

Fiscal explanations estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal explanation is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.