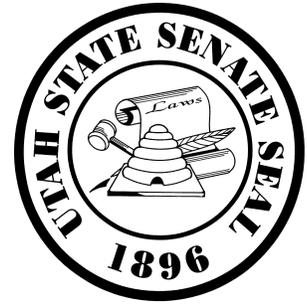




**Fiscal Note**

**S.B. 226**

2026 General Session  
 Fatal Motor Vehicle Accident Amendments  
 by Millner, Ann



**General, Income Tax, and Uniform School Funds**

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/ITF/USF (rev.-exp.)	\$(13,800)	\$(2,300)	\$(16,100)

**State Government**

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0

Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state revenue.

Expenditures	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
General Fund	\$0	\$13,800	\$13,800
General Fund, One-time	\$2,300	\$0	\$0
Total Expenditures	\$2,300	\$13,800	\$13,800

Enactment of this legislation could cost the Department of Public Safety \$10,000 ongoing beginning in FY 2027 and \$1,700 one-time in FY 2026 from the General Fund for blood tests.

Enactment of this legislation could also cost the Courts \$3,800 ongoing beginning in FY 2027 and \$600 one-time in FY 2026 from the General Fund to issue warrants, which the Courts has indicated it can absorb.

	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
<b>Net All Funds</b>	<b>\$(2,300)</b>	<b>\$(13,800)</b>	<b>\$(13,800)</b>

**Local Government**

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation could cost a local law enforcement agency \$200 to administer a blood test to a driver involved in accident involving a fatality. Aggregate costs for local law enforcement agencies is estimated to increase by \$15,000 ongoing beginning in FY 2027 and \$2,500 one-time in FY 2026 to blood test all drivers in accidents involving a fatality.

**Individuals & Businesses**

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses.

**Regulatory Impact**

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

**Performance Evaluation**

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

**Notes on Notes**

Fiscal explanations estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal explanation is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.